GOLDEN RICE:Health Issues and Concerns

Gene Alzona Nisperos MD Health Alliance for Democracy (HEAD) and RESIST! 12 January 2013

Vitamin A

- Vitamin A is a fat-soluble vitamin and is absorbed and transported with lipids
- Vitamin A is stored in the liver: recorded cases of toxicity in excess consumption of polar bear liver by Arctic explorers

Vitamin A

- A major role of vitamin A is as part of the visual pigment rhodopsin
- Gene expression
- Maintenance of epithelial tissue
- Regulation of cell growth and differentiation

Vitamin A

- The problem: Vitamin A deficiency (VAD), which can be life-threatening
- WHO: about 124 million children affected; 250,000-500,000 children go blind every year, about half die within 12 months

(Enserink, M. 2008. Tough lessons from Golden Rice. Science, 230: 468-471.)

Vitamin A Deficiency (VAD)

- Dry, hard skin
- Dry cornea and eventual blindness (Xerophthalmia)
- Night blindness (insufficient retinal for rhodopsin formation)
- Impaired immune function

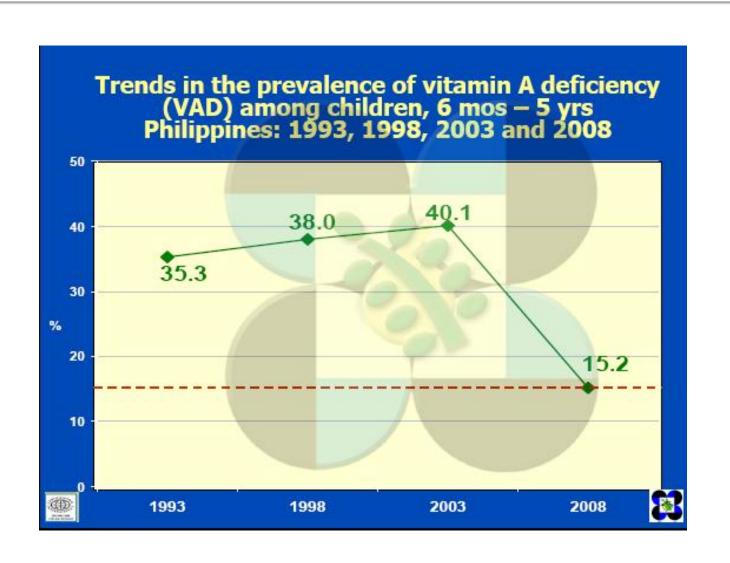
Vitamin A Toxicity

- Toxic levels by excess consumption of supplements of pre-formed vitamin A
- Signs and symptoms of toxicity
 - Diarrhea, bulging fontanelles
 - Nausea, vomiting, poor appetite
 - Headache, blurred vision, dermatitis
 - Liver and spleen enlargement
 - Lack of muscle coordination
 - Bone abnormalities, congenital defects, cancer

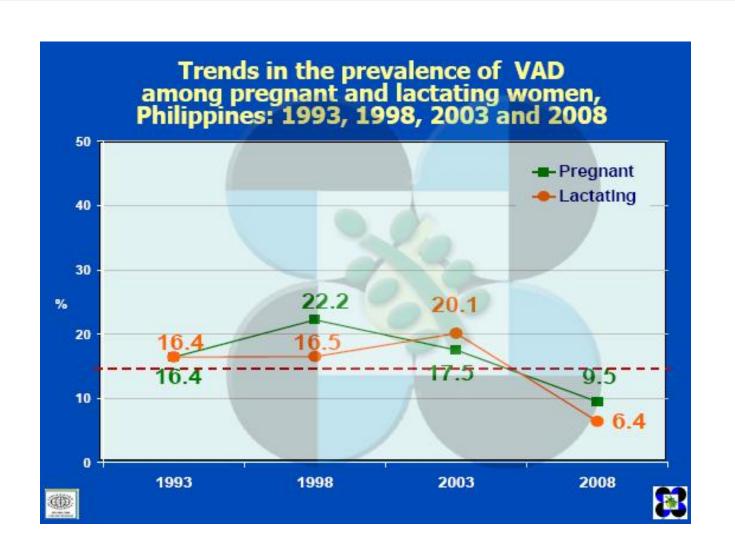
Golden Rice: Hi-tech Solution

- Is Vitamin A deficiency still a significant problem in the Philippines
- Is Vitamin A deficiency a condition that requires pharmacotherapy (drugs)?
- Is golden rice food or a drug?
- Are there better alternatives to golden rice?

Is Vitamin A deficiency still a problem?



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Is Vitamin A deficiency still a problem?

Comparison of prevalence of VAD: Philippines, 1998 – 2008

Age/	No. of Participants		VAD (%)		Decrease
Physiologic State	1998	2008	1998	2008	1998 vs 2008
Children, 6 mos- 5y	14,291	2408	38.0	15.2	22.8**
Pregnant	2,963	483	22.2	9.5	18.7**
Lactating	3,165	860	16.5	6.4	11.1 **

** Significant at 0.01





Does Vitamin A deficiency require drugs?

According to WHO, tried and tested remedies for VAD have already "averted an estimated 1.25 million deaths since 1998 in 40 countries"

Does Vitamin A deficiency require drugs?

Preventive Supplementation

Strategies	Target	Doses 1 cap. of 10,000 I.U. of vitamin A 2x a week to start from 4th month of pregnancy until delivery 1 cap200,000 I.U. of vitmain A within one month after delivery	
Regular or routine clinical supplementation	Pregnant women with no signs of xerophthalmia		
Regular or routine clinical supplementation	Lactating women with no signs of xerophthalmia		

(Reference: DOH Guidelines on Vitamin A Supplementation A.O. 3-A, Jan. 10, 2000)

Is golden rice food or a drug?

- Originial Golden Rice (GR1): produces only 1.6
 µg/gm of carotenoids
 a child would have to eat more than 10 kg/day
 to get sufficient dose
- In gut, β-carotene (Pro-vitamin A) generates retinal → Vitamin A or retinoic acid (RA)
 RA and its metabolites are toxic and teratogenic

Golden Rice: Problems as a GMO



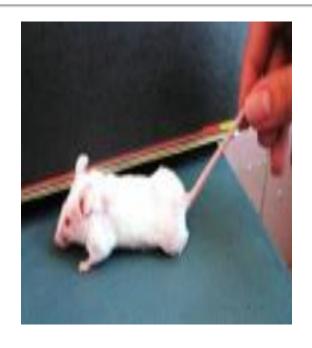
Skin allergies reported by farmers and agriculture workers while working in cotton fields during boll burst stage 2005:

Bt Cotton in India – human allergies

[Ashish Gupta, Ashish Mandloi & Amulya Nidhi, 2005: "An Investigation report on Impact of Bt Cotton on farmers' health"]

Golden Rice: Problems as a GMO

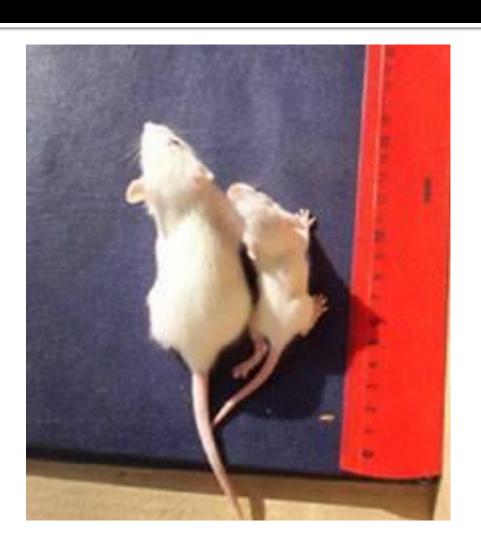




2007 study by Vavilov's Agrarian University in Russia:

Right mouse: fed with GM soya; Left mouse fed with non-GM soya. GM-soy has impact on the size of the litters and on the mortality of the young

Golden Rice: Problems as a GMO



2005 study by Irina Ermakova:

- Offspring of GM-soy-fed rats die, with growth abnormalities
- Right: 20-day old rat from GM soy-fed study group Left: 19-day old rat from non-GM soy fed control group

Are there better alternatives to golden rice?

FOOD

- Liver, meat
- Eggs
- Green leafy and deep colored vegetables
- Moringa (malunggay), taro (gabi) leaves, carrots, spinach, sili, kamote, alugbati
- Fruits: mango, papaya, bayabas, duhat

What should be done for Vitamin A deficiency and malnutrition?

- Food diversification/sustainable agriculture
- Long-term strategy that involves the community
- Genuine land reform
- Social determinants of health

Precautionary Principle

"When there are reasonable grounds to indicate potential harm to health and environment, precautionary action should be taken even if cause and effect relationship has not been established scientifically."

References

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 Unanswered safety and efficacy questions.
 University of Philippines Los Baños; 24 August
 2011
- Food and Nutrition Research Institute. 2008
 National Nutrition Survey Results for Vitamin A.
 2008
- Quijano R. Health Risks of Genetically Modified Food. August 2011